# Insulation monitoring relay CM-IWS.1 For unearthed AC, DC and mixed AC/DC systems up to $U_n = 250$ V AC and 300 V DC

The CM-IWS.1 serves to monitor insulation resistance in accordance with IEC 61557-8 in unearthed IT AC systems, IT AC systems with galvanically connected DC circuits, or unearthed IT DC systems with a voltage up to 250 V AC and 300 V DC.

The CM-IWS.1 features a new prognostic measuring principle which enables a fast measuring and response time. It can be configured to the requirements of the applications and therefore used multi-functional.



# Characteristics

- For monitoring the insulation resistance of unearthed IT systems up to  $U_n = 250$  V AC and 300 V DC
- According to IEC/EN 61557-8 "Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1000 V a.c. and 1500 V d.c. – Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures – Part 8: Insulation monitoring devices for IT systems"
- Rated control supply voltage 24-240 V AC/DC
- Prognostic measuring principle with superimposed square wave signal
- One measuring range 1-100 kΩ
- Precise adjustment of the threshold value in 1  $k\Omega$  steps
- Interrupted wire detection
- Fault storage / latching configurable by control input
- 1 c/o [SPDT] contact, closed-circuit principle
- 22.5 mm [0.89 in] width
- 3 LEDs for status indication

# Approvals

	508,	CAN/CSA	C22.2 No.14
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- C GL
- CB IEC/EN 60947-5-1, CB scheme
- @ GB14048.5 2001, CCC
- C GOST

#### Marks

- CE CE
- C-Tick

#### Order data

Insulation monitoring relay

Туре	Nominal voltage U <sub>n</sub> of the distribution system to be monitored	Rated control supply voltage	Order code
	0-250 V AC / 0-300 V DC	24-240 V AC/DC	1SVR 630 660 R0100

Accessories

Туре	Description	Order code
ADP.01		1SVR 430 029 R0100
MAR.01	Marker label	1SVR 366 017 R0100
COV.01	Sealable transparent cover	1SVR 430 005 R0100



pending

#### **Functions**

Operating controls



#### 1 Test and reset button

2 Status indication U: green LED - control supply voltage F: red LED - fault message R: yellow LED - relay status

**3 Configuration and setting** Front-face rotary switches for threshold value adjustment: R.1 for R1 tens figures: 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 k $\Omega$  in ten k $\Omega$  steps R.2 for R1 units figures: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 k $\Omega$  in one k $\Omega$  steps

4 Marker label

#### Application / monitoring function

The CM-IWS.1 serves to monitor insulation resistance in accordance with IEC 61557-8 in unearthed IT AC systems, IT AC systems with galvanically connected DC circuits, or IT DC systems.

The insulation resistance between system lines and system earth is measured. If this falls below the adjustable threshold values, the output relay de-energizes.

The device can monitor control circuits (single-phase) and main circuits (3-phase).

Supply systems with voltages  $U_n = 0.250$  V AC (15-400 Hz) or 0.300 V DC can be directly connected to the measuring inputs and their insulation resistance being monitored. For systems with voltages above 250 V AC and 300 V DC the insulation monitoring relay CM-IWN.1 with or without the coupling unit CM-IVN can be used.

#### Measuring principle

A pulsating measuring signal is fed into the system to be monitored and the insulation resistance calculated.

This pulsating measuring signal alters its form depending on the insulation resistance and system leakage capacitance. From this altered form the change in the insulation resistance is forecast.

When the forecast insulation resistance corresponds to the insulation resistance calculated in the next measurement cycle and is smaller than the set threshold value, the output relay de-energizes. This measuring principle is also suitable for the detection of symmetrical insulation faults.

#### Additional monitoring functions

The CM-IWS.1 cyclically monitors the measuring circuit connections  $\pm$  and KE for wire interruption. In case of a wire interruption in one of the connections, the output relay de-engergizes.

In addition, the unearthed AC-, DC- or AC/DC system is monitored for inadmissible system leakage capacitance. If the system leakage capacitance is too high, the output relay de-energizes.

#### Operating mode

The system to be monitored is connected to terminals L+ and L-. The earth potential is connected to terminals  $\pm$  and KE.

The device operates according to the closed-circuit principle (fault state: relay de-energized).

Once the control supply voltage has been applied the insulation monitoring relay runs through a system test routine. The system is diagnosed and the settings are tested. If no internal or external faults are found after this test routine is completed, the output relay energizes.

If the measured value drops below the set threshold value, the output relay de-energizes. If the measured value exceeds the threshold value plus hysteresis, the output relay re-energizes.

All operating states are signalled by the front-face LEDs. See table "LEDs, status information and fault messages" on page 6.

#### Test function

The test function is only possible when there is no fault.

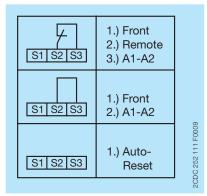
By pressing the front-face combined test/reset button a system test routine is executed. The output relay remains deenergized as long as the test/reset button is pressed, the control contact S1-S3 is closed or the test functions are processed.

The test function can be activated either with the front-face combined test/reset button or with a remote test button connected as shown in the picture.



#### Fault storage, reset function and remote reset

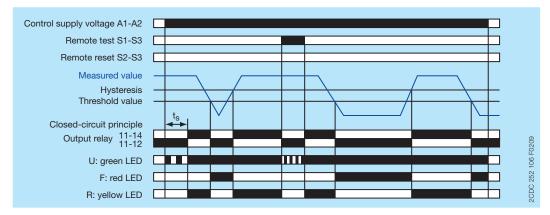
The output relay remains de-energized and only energizes after the combined test/reset button is pressed or after the remote reset (terminals S2-S3) is activated, and when the insulation resistance is higher than the set threshold value plus hysteresis.



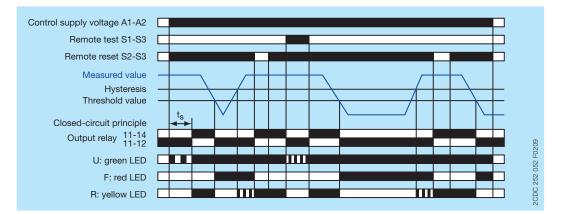
#### Function descriptions/diagrams

Control supply voltage not applied / Output contact open / LED OFF

Control supply voltage applied / Output contact closed / LED ON



Insulation resistance monitoring w/o fault storage, auto reset



Insulation resistance monitoring with fault storage, manual reset

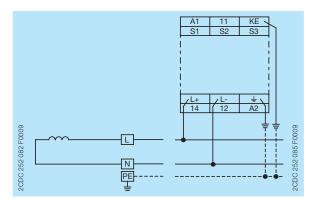
# Connection and wiring

# Connection diagram

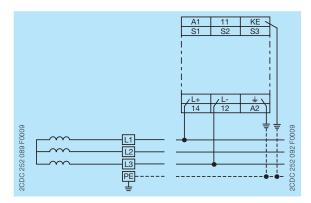
A1 11 KE	A1-A2	Control supply voltage
<u>S1 S2 S3</u> L+L-KE ≠ 11	S1-S3	Remote test
	S2-S3	Remote reset
R < 4 $R < 4$ $R$	L+, L-	Measuring circuit/input, system connection
525 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	≟, KE	Measuring circuit/input, earth connections
L+     L-     ↓     00       14     12     A2     00	11-12/14	Output relay, closed-circuit principle

# Wiring diagrams

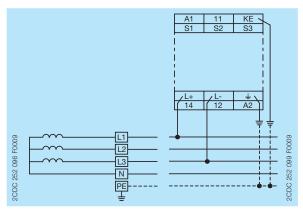
Always connect L+ and L- to different conductors. L+ and L- can be connected to any of the conductors. U<sub>n</sub> ≤ 250 V AC; 300 V DC



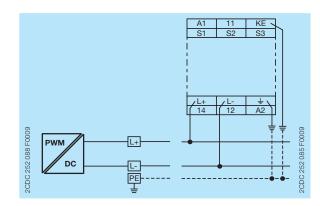
2-wire AC system



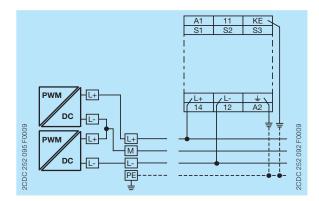
3-wire AC system



4-wire AC system



2-wire DC system



3-wire DC system

#### **Configuration and settings**

#### Rotary switches R.1 and R.2 (treshold value)

By means of two separate 10 position rotary switches  $10^{10}$  with direct reading scales, the threshold value for the insulation resistance  $R_F$  of the systems to be monitored can be adjusted.

With the R.1 rotary switch the tens figure is set and with the R.2 rotary switch the units figure is set. The set threshold value is then the addition of the two values. For example, R1.1 set to 70 and R1.2 set to 8 leads to a threshold value for R1 of 78 k $\Omega$ .

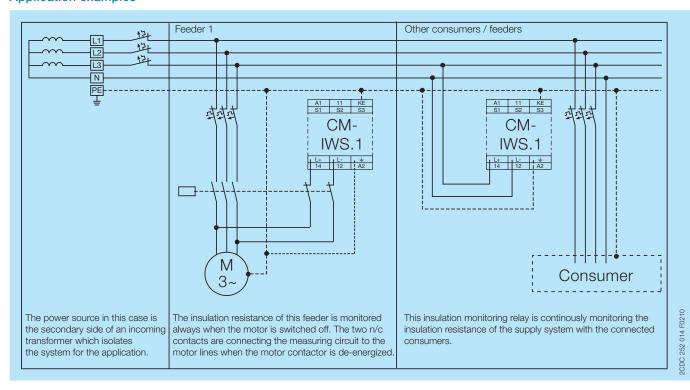
#### Operating state indication

#### LEDs, status information and fault messages

Operational state	LED U (green)	LED F (red)	LED R (yellow)
Start-up		OFF	OFF
No fault		OFF	
Insulation fault (below threshold value)			OFF
KE/上 wire interruption			OFF
System leakage capacitance too high / invalid measurement result		Π_Π	OFF
Internal system fault	OFF	NNN	OFF
Test function	IUUU	OFF	OFF
No fault after fault storage1)		2)	MM

The device has triggered after an insulation fault. The fault has been stored and the insulation resistance has returned to a higher value than the threshold value plus hysteresis.
2) Depending on the fault.

# Application examples



Earth fault / insulation resistance monitoring of different feeder circuits with fault localization

# **Technical data**

Data at  $T_a$  = 25  $^\circ\text{C}$  and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

# Input circuits

Input circuit - Supply circuit		A1 - A2
Rated control supply voltage Us		24-240 V AC/DC
Rated control supply voltage tolerance		-15+10 %
Typical current / power consumption	24 V DC	35 mA / 0.9 VA
	115 V AC	17 mA / 2.0 VA
	230 V AC	14 mA / 3.2 VA
Rated frequency f <sub>s</sub>		DC or 15-400 Hz
Frequency range AC		13.5-440 Hz
Power failure buffering time	min.	20 ms

Input circuit - Measuring circuit		L+, L-, ≟, KE
Monitoring function		insulation resistance monitoring of IT systems
		(IEC/EN 61557-8)
Measuring principle		prognostic measuring principle with superimposed
		square wave signal
Nominal voltage $U_n$ of the distribution system to be monitored		0-250 V AC / 0-300 V DC
Voltage range of the distribution system to be monitored		0-287.5 V AC / 0-345 V DC (tolerance +15 %)
Rated frequency $f_{\mbox{\scriptsize N}}$ of the distribution system to be monitored		DC or 15-400 Hz
Tolerance of the rated frequency ${\rm f}_{\rm N}$		13.5-440 Hz
System leakage capacitance C <sub>e</sub>	max.	10 μF
Extraneous DC voltage $U_{fg}$ (when connected to an AC system)	max.	290 V DC
Number of possible response / threshold values		1
Adjustment range of the specified response value R <sub>an</sub>	minmax.	1-100 kΩ
(threshold)		
Adjustment resolution		1 kΩ
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value / Relative percentage	at 1-10 k <b>Ω</b> R <sub>F</sub>	±0.5 kΩ
uncertainty A	at 10-100 kΩ R <sub>F</sub>	±6 %
at -5+45 °C, $U_n = 0-115$ %, $U_s = 85-110$ %, $f_N$ , $f_s$ , $C_e = 1\mu F$		
Hysteresis related to the threshold value		25 %; min. 2 k <b>Ω</b>
Internal impedance Z <sub>i</sub>	at 50 Hz	100 kΩ
Internal DC resistance R <sub>i</sub>		115 kΩ
Measuring voltage U <sub>m</sub>		22 V
Tolerance of measuring voltage U <sub>m</sub>		+10 %
Measuring current I <sub>m</sub>	max.	0.3 mA
Response time t <sub>an</sub>		
pure AC system	0.5 x $R_{an}$ and $C_{e}$ = 1 $\mu F$	max. 10 s
DC system or AC system with connected rectifiers		max. 15 s
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		< 0.1 % of full scale
Accuracy of $R_a$ (measured value) within the rated control supply		< 0.05 % of full scale
voltage tolerance		
Accuracy of $R_a$ (measured value) within the operation	at 1-10 kΩ R <sub>F</sub>	5Ω/Κ
temperature range	at 10-100 k <b>Ω</b> R <sub>F</sub>	0.05 % / K
Transient over voltage protection (1 - terminal)		avalanche diode

Input circuit - Control circuits		S1 - S2 - S3
Control inputs - volt free	S1-S3	remote test
	S2-S3	remote reset
Maximum switching current in the control circuit		1 mA
Maximum cable length to the control inputs		50 m - 100 pF/m [164 ft - 30.5 pF/ft]
Minimum control pulse length		150 ms
No-load voltage at the control input		≤ 24 V DC

# User interface

Indication of operational states	
Control supply voltage	LED U (green)
Fault message	LED F (red)
Relay status	LED R (yellow)

Details see table "LEDs, status information and fault messages" on page 6 and "Function descriptions/diagrams" on page 4

Operating elements and controls	
Adjustment of threshold value R <sub>an</sub>	R.1 rotary switch, 10 k $\!\Omega$ steps for the tens figure
	R.2 rotary switch, 1 k $\Omega$ steps for the units figure

# Output circuits

		valey 1 a/a (CDDT) asstant
Kind of output		relay, 1 c/o (SPDT) contact
Operating principle		closed-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>
Contact material		AgNi alloy, Cd free
Rated voltage (VDE 0110, IEC 60947-1	)	250 V AC / 300 V DC
Min. switching voltage / Min. switching	g current	24 V / 10 mA
Max. switching voltage / Max. switchir	ng current	see "Load limits curves" on page 11
Rated operational current Ie	AC12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A
(IEC/EN 60947-5-1)	AC15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A
	DC12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A
	DC13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A
AC rating	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300, pilot duty
(UL 508)		general purpose (250 V, 4 A, cos φ 0.75)
max. rated operational voltage		250 V AC
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	4 A
max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300		3600/360 VA
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles
Electrical lifetime (AC12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles
Max. fuse rating to achieve short- n/c contact		6 A fast-acting
circuit protection n/o contact		10 A fast-acting
Conventional thermal current Ith (IEC/E	N 60947-1)	4 A

1) Closed-circuit principle: Output relay(s) de-energize(s) if measured value falls below the adjusted threshold value Ran

# General data

MTBF		on request
Duty time		100 %
Dimensions (W x H x D)		22.5 x 78 x 100 mm [0.89 x 3.07 x 3.94 in]
Weight	gross weight	0.163 kg [0.359 lb]
	net weight	0.133 kg [0.293 lb]
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without
		any tool
Mounting position		any
Minimum distance to other units		not necessary
		not necessary
Degree of protection	enclosure / terminal	IP50 / IP20

# Electrical connection

Wire size	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	2 x 0.75-2.5 mm² (2 x 18-14 AWG)
	rigid	2 x 0.5-4 mm² (2 x 20-12 AWG)
Stripping length		7 mm [0.28 in]
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm [5.31-7.08 lb.in]

# Environmental data

Ambient temperature ranges		-25+60 °C
	storage	-40+85 °C
		-40+85 °C
Climatic category		3K5 (no condensation, no ice formation)
Damp heat, cyclic		6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH
Vibration, sinusoidal	IEC/EN 60255-21-1	Class 2
Shock, half-sine	IEC/EN 60255-21-2	

# Isolation data

Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub> between	supply circuit / measuring circuit	6 kV
all isolated circuits	supply circuit / output circuit	6 kV
(IEC/EN 60947-1, IEC/EN 60664-1, VDE 0110-1)	measuring circuit / output circuit	6 kV
Pollution degree (IEC/EN 60664-1, VDE 0110-1)		3
Overvoltage category (IEC/EN 60664-1, VDE 0110-1)		III
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	supply circuit / measuring circuit	300 V
(IEC/EN 60947-1, IEC/EN 60664-1,	supply circuit / output circuit	300 V
VDE 0110-1)	measuring circuit / output circuit	300 V
Basis isolation for rated control supply voltage	supply circuit / measuring circuit	250 V AC / 300 V DC
(IEC/EN 60664-1, VDE 0110-1)	supply circuit / output circuit	250 V AC / 300 V DC
	measuring circuit / output circuit	250 V AC / 300 V DC
Protective separation	supply circuit / output circuit	250 V AC / 250 V DC
(IEC/EN 61140)	supply circuit / measuring circuit	250 V AC / 250 V DC
	measuring circuit / output circuit	250 V AC / 250 V DC
Test voltage between all isolated circuits,	supply circuit / output circuit	2.32 kV, 50 Hz, 2 s
routine test (IEC/EN 60255-5, IEC/EN 61010-1)	supply circuit / measuring circuit	2.32 kV, 50 Hz, 2 s
	measuring circuit / output circuit	2.2 kV, 50 Hz, 1 s

# Standards

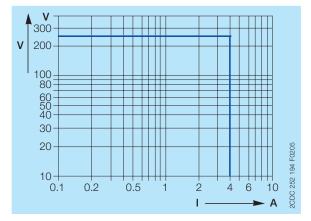
	Product standard	IEC/EN 61557-8, IEC/EN 60255-6
	Other standards	EN 50178
	Low Voltage Directive	2006/95/EC
	EMC Directive	2004/108/EC
	RoHS Directive	2002/95/EC

# Electromagnetic compatibility

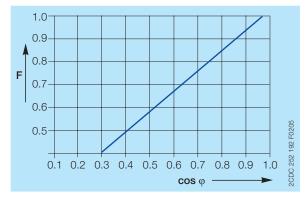
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-1, IEC/EN 61000-6-2, IEC/EN 61326-2-4
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3, 6 kV / 8 kV
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3, 10 V/m (1 GHz) / 3 V/m (2 GHz) / 1 V/m (2.7 GHz)
electrical fast transient/burst		Level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz
surge		Level 3, installation class 3, supply circuit and
		measuring circuit 1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-earth
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3, 10 V
fields		
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	Level 3
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3, IEC/EN 61000-6-4
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 50022	Class B
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 50022	Class B

## **Technical diagrams**

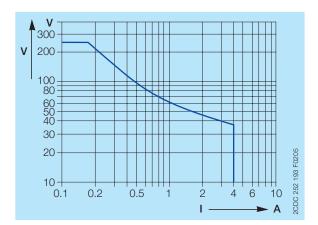
#### Load limits curves



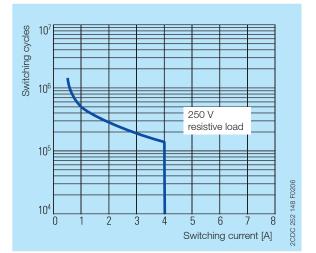
AC load (resistive)



Derating factor F at inductive AC load



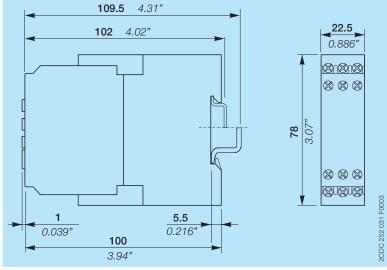
DC load (resistive)



Contact lifetime

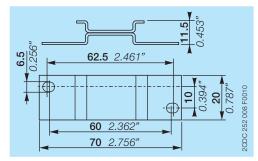


**Dimensional drawings** 



CM-IWS.1 - Insulation monitoring relay

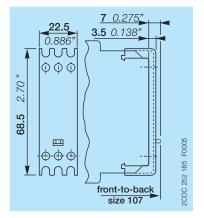
Accessories



ADP.01 - Adapter for screw mounting



MAR.01 - Marker label



COV.01 - Sealable transparent cover

# **Further documentation**

Document title	Document type	Document number
Electronic products and relays	Technical catalogue	2CDC 110 004 C020x
CM-IWS.1; CM-IWS.2	Instruction sheet	1SVC 630 550 M0000

You can find the documentation on the internet at www.abb.com/lowvoltage -> Control Products -> Electronic Relays and Controls.

# Contact us

ABB STOTZ-KONTAKT GmbH P. O. Box 10 16 80 69006 Heidelberg, Germany Phone: +49 (0) 6221 7 01-0 Fax: +49 (0) 6221 7 01-13 25 E-mail: info.desto@de.abb.com

You can find the address of your local sales organisation on the ABB home page http://www.abb.com/contacts -> Low Voltage Products and Systems

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